Name: Mexican Graves Central WY-030-16N93W28-2012, a subunit of Wild Horse Basin WYO-030-408

FORM 1

Documentation of BLM Wilderness Inventory Findings on Record

1. Is there existing BLM v	vilderness inventory information on all or part of this area?
Noarea, list the names of those	Yesx (if yes, and if more than one area is within the areas):
a) Inventory Source:	
b) Inventory Area Name(s)/Number(s):Wild Horse Initial Inventory
c) Map Name(s)/Number(s	s):Wild Horse Basin; WY-030-048
d) BLM District (s)/Field (Office(s):Rawlins Field Office
2. BLM Inventory Finds (on Record:
·	ion regarding wilderness characteristics (if more than one BLM with the area, list each area and answer each question individually
Inventory Source:	CSM\Chris I WC Shapefile\I andWildCharc1979(1)
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Area #/Name	Sufficient Size? Yes/No (acres)	Naturalness? Yes/No	Outstanding Solitude? Yes/No	Outstanding Primitive & Unconfined Recreation? Yes/No	Supplemental Values? Yes/No
Wild Horse Basin WYW- 030-408	Yes (375,000 acres)	No	No	No	No

FORM 2

(1) Is the area of sufficient size?

Current Conditions: Presence or Absence of Wilderness Characteristics

a. Area Number/Name Mexican Graves Central WY-030-16N93W28-2012, a subunit of Wild Horse Basin WYO-030-408 Acreage 7589.48

Yes	X	No					
Describe the	boundaries of	the area (ro	ads, proper	ty lines, etc.).	If the are	ea meets on	e of the
exceptions to	the size criter	ion, check '	'Yes" and d	escribe the ex	ception.	If more tha	n one

inventory area is involved, list the acres in each and evaluate each area/sub-area separately.

In completing steps (1) - (5), use additional space as necessary.

The unit is oddly shaped. The unit is bound to the south on the west side by a BLM Road 3317, a.k.a. Windmill Draw Road. The unit is bound to the south on the east side by a Class 3 Light Duty Road with aggregate surface maintained by industry and with Rawlins Field Office rights-of-way numbers WYW-166692, WYW-166599, WYW-148709, WYW-145362, WYW-156945, WYW-167076, WYW-159372, WYW-148141, WYW-166066, WYW-77194, *et al.*, as well as a State-owned parcel. The unit is bound to the east by a series of 50 foot wide pipeline disturbances granted by the Rawlins Field Office under rights-of-way WYW86378, WYW-86437, WYW-49454, and WYW-86374. The unit is bound to the north by land owned by the State of Wyoming and a 50 foot wide pipeline disturbance granted by the Rawlins Field Office under right-of-way WYW-86437. This pipeline also bounds the west side of the unit with another pipeline with the number WYW-145984. The unit is also bound to the west by a Class 3 Light Duty Road with aggregate surface maintained by industry with Rawlins Field Office rights-of-way numbers WYW-149087 and WYW-81364.

Also, see Mexican Graves Outlier WY-030-16N93W15-2012, a subunit of Wild Horse Basin WYO-030-408.

DESCRIPTION OF CURRENT CONDITIONS: The Mexican Graves Central area under consideration is 7,589.48 acres of BLM public land. It is located within the following townships: 6th P.M., T. 15 N., R. 93 W., Sections 3-5 and T. 16 N., R 93 W., Sections 14-15, 17, 20-29, and 32-35. The terrain consists mainly of Red Wash, Windmill Draw, and Barrel Springs Draw. The elevation ranges from 6,620 feet on the west side of the unit, to 6,520 feet where Red Wash leaves the unit in T. 16 N., R. 93 W., Section 25. The dominant vegetation cover is sagebrush-grassland. The primary land uses are for oil & gas exploration and livestock grazing. There are six natural gas well pads within the unit and four access roads, maintained by mechanized equipment, which extend into the unit. There are two fences and four small ponds spread throughout the area. The area also contains a number of unimproved two-track trails accessible only by 4wd vehicles. The primary, dispersed recreational activities in the area are hunting and hiking.

((2)	Does	the	area	appear	to	he	natural	9
١		DUCS	uic	arca	appear	w	σ	maturar	٠

Description: The 11.36 miles of primitive routes (i.e., unimproved roads and two-track trails) and 4.82 miles of wilderness inventory roads (i.e., well access roads) detract from the unit's naturalness. Examples of these primitive routes and wilderness inventory roads are demonstrated in photos 1, 2, 4-6 and 10. When hiking across the Mexican Graves Central Unit, the casual observer cannot escape the constant view of primitive routes. These primitive routes create noticeable linear intrusions and disturbances that interrupt the experience of any wilderness character briefly encountered in areas untrammeled by the works of man.

The area contains 12 oil and gas wells throughout the Mexican Graves Central Unit (see example in Photo 1). These oil and gas installations within the unit represent permanent improvements and loss of primeval character. When examining the status of the oil and gas wells, 4 of these wells have an active permit to drill, one well has an expired permit, four wells are flowing, one has been cancelled or denied, one well has an expired permit, five wells are flowing, and two are permanently abandoned. Despite the variation in status, these wells remain as existing installations that detract from the naturalness and are substantially noticeable to the casual observer while hiking through the unit. All wells, which are not abandoned, are managed as active wells and receive commercial vehicle traffic for periodic maintenance. This traffic would interrupt the casual observer's experience of wilderness character due to road dust plumes and the contrast between the white coloration of these vehicles moving across the tan, brown, and olive landscape. Well pads do not receive final reclamation approval until they have been plugged and abandoned. Visual contrasts created by surface disturbances, including well pad turn-arounds, soil exposure around the facilities, and a rectangular area of wheat grass, remain until final reclamation is established.

The Mexican Graves Central Unit also contains five man-made reservoirs (see examples in photos 7-10 and locations in large-scale aerial photo). When the casual observer encounters these man-made borrow pits and rectangular impounded reservoirs, the linear and textual contrast on the landscape attracts the attention of the observer to this modification constructed with mechanized equipment.

The casual observer is often attracted to bodies of water while hiking. Water adds interest and diversity to the landscape. When arriving at any of the five reservoirs, the casual observer would notice that it is not a natural lake and that they have encountered an impounded, muddy borrow pit. The hiker seeking refreshment from clean water, would quickly notice that this "reservoir" is designed for cattle operations where the water is unfit for human consumption or swimming. The numerous range improvements, including the five reservoirs and one fence, were constructed, primarily, for commercial grazing operations. These improvements give the casual observer a perception that they are visitors to a cattle range rather than a wilderness untrammeled by the works of man. While the presence of cattle is compatible with a natural landscape for wilderness inventory purposes, the noticeable presence of numerous grazing-related developments in this unit is not.

In sum, the cumulative impacts on naturalness including the numerous oil and gas wells, primitive routes and wilderness inventory roads, and permanent range improvements have impaired the naturalness in the Mexican Graves Central Unit to a level that is incompatible with the definitions of wilderness provided in Section 2(c) of the Wilderness Act of 1964 (incorporated in FLPMA 1976):

A wilderness, in contrast with those areas where man and his own works dominate the landscape, is hereby recognized as an area where the earth and its community of life are untrammeled by man, where man himself is a visitor who does not remain. An area of wilderness is further defined to mean in this Act an area of undeveloped Federal land retaining its primeval character and influence, without permanent improvements or human habitation, which is protected and managed so as to preserve its natural conditions and which (1) generally appears to have been affected primarily by the forces of nature, with the imprint of man's work substantially unnoticeable; (2) has outstanding opportunities for solitude or a primitive and unconfined type of recreation; (3) has at least five thousand acres of land or is of sufficient size as to make practicable its preservation and use in an unimpaired condition; and (4) may also contain ecological, geological, or other features of scientific, educational, scenic, or historical value.

(3) Does the area or the remainder of the area (if a portion has been excluded due to unnaturalness and the remainder is of sufficient size) have outstanding opportunities for solitude?
Yes No No N/A
Description:
(4) Does the area or the remainder of the area (if a portion has been excluded due to unnaturalness and the remainder is of sufficient size) have outstanding opportunities for primitive and unconfined recreation?
Yes No No N/A
Description:
(5) Does the area have supplemental values (ecological, geological, or other features of scientific, educational scenic or historical value)?
Yes No No N/A
Description:

Summary of Analysis

Area Name and/or Number: Mexican Graves Central WY-030-16N93W28-2012

Summary Results of analysis:					
1. Does the area meet any of the size requirements?	⊠ Yes □ No				
2. Does the area appear to be natural?	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ N/A				
3. Does the area offer outstanding opportunities of s of recreation?	solitude or a primitive and unconfined type Yes No N/A				
4. Does the area have supplemental values?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ N/A				
Check one:					
The area, or a portion of the area, has wildern with Wilderness Characteristics (LWC).	ess characteristics and is identified as Land				
X The area does not have wilderness characteri	stics.				
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Team members:					
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Reviewed by: Date:					
Dennis Carpenter, Field Manager					